WEST VIRGINIA LEGISLATURE

2021 REGULAR SESSION

Introduced

House Bill 2996

FISCAL NOTE

By Delegates Doyle, Fleischauer, Young,
HORNBUCKLE, GRIFFITH, THOMPSON, ZUKOFF, GARCIA,
WILLIAMS, EVANS AND BATES

[Introduced March 09, 2021; Referred to the Committee on Government Organization then the Judiciary then Finance]

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A BILL to amend the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated §1-2-2a, relating to creating the Independent Redistricting Commission; designating duties of the commission; providing that members are nominated by State Election Commission; setting forth required traits and restrictions of members; providing for how commission members are appointed; setting forth a process for determining the chair of the commission; providing for the filling of vacancies of commission; requiring members to conduct an organizational meeting and select a vice chairperson; providing for the removal of a member for cause; providing for the filling of vacancies that may occur on commission; setting forth certain requirements of the commission; providing that three members constitute a quorum; providing that members are ineligible for public office or registration as paid lobbyist for three years after completing their last term on commission: requiring that commission plan and propose congressional and legislative districts; providing specific criteria that commission must observe in proposing district mappings; requiring commission to advertise a proposed draft map of districts to the public; permitting legislators to make inquiry of commission members regarding their methodology and proposed redistrict mapping; requiring that commission publish its proposals for district boundaries; requiring the commission to recommend redistricting plans to the Legislature; authorizing a vote on the plans in an extraordinary session called by the Governor: requiring the full Legislature to vote on the first proposal plan ratification without amendment; setting forth a process for subsequent proposed plans, amendment restrictions, and vote requirements; authorizing the West Virginia Supreme Court of Appeals to make the final determination between three plans proposed by the Independent Redistricting Commission if the Legislature and Governor cannot agree; requiring that the commission certify to Secretary of State that its proposals for district boundaries is in accordance with constitutional and legal requirements; providing for reimbursement of expenses and per diem allowances for commission members;

authorizing the commission to contract for staffing and consultants; providing administrative assistance to the commission from the Joint Committee on Government and Finance upon request; prohibiting certain persons from influencing or attempting to influence district mapping proposals of the commission; and providing for the expiration of commission appointments.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

ARTICLE 2. APPORTIONMENT OF REPRESENTATION.

§1-2-2a. Independent Redistricting Commission to study and propose fair, balanced and rational plan to redistrict.

(a) There is hereby created the Independent Redistricting Commission, which shall be appointed in accordance with the procedures set forth in this section to study population trends and present proposed redistricting mappings, designed to reflect fair reapportionment and redistricting in conformity with constitutional principles, especially that which requires equality of population to the greatest extent practicable. Commission members shall be knowledgeable and possess expertise relative to constitutional and legal requirements and considerations which bear on the issue of fair reapportionment and redistricting.

(b) By July 1, 2021, and thereafter, by February 28 of each year that ends in one, an Independent Redistricting Commission shall be established to provide for proposed redistricting of congressional and state legislative districts. The Independent Redistricting Commission consists of five members. No more than two members of the Independent Redistricting Commission may be members of the same political party. No more than two members may reside in the same county. Each member shall be a registered West Virginia voter who has been continuously registered with the same political party or registered as unaffiliated with a political party for three or more years immediately preceding appointment, who is committed to applying the provisions of this section in an honest, independent and impartial fashion and to upholding public confidence in the integrity of the redistricting process. Within the three years previous to

appointment, members may not have been appointed to, elected to, or a candidate for any other public office and may not have served as an officer of a political party, a registered paid lobbyist, an officer of a candidate's campaign committee, or an officer of a political action committee.

(c) The State Election Commission shall nominate candidates for appointment to the Independent Redistricting Commission.

(d) By 30 days after the enactment of this section, and thereafter, by January 8 of years ending in one, the State Election Commission shall establish a pool of persons who are willing to serve on and are qualified for appointment to the Independent Redistricting Commission. The pool of candidates shall consist of 25 nominees, with 10 nominees from each of the two largest political parties in West Virginia based on party registration, and five who are not registered with either of the two largest political parties in West Virginia.

(e) Appointments to the Independent Redistricting Commission shall be made in the order set forth below. No later than 45 days after the enactment of this section, and thereafter, no later than January 31 of years ending in one, the Speaker of the House of Delegates shall make one appointment to the Independent Redistricting Commission from the pool of nominees, followed by one appointment from the pool made in turn by each of the following: The minority party leader of the House of Delegates, the President of the Senate and the minority party leader of the Senate. Each official shall have a seven-day period in which to make an appointment. Any official who fails to make an appointment within the specified time period will forfeit the appointment privilege. In the event that there are two or more minority parties within the House of Delegates or the Senate, the leader of the largest minority party by statewide party registration shall make the appointment.

(f) Any vacancy in the above four Independent Redistricting Commission positions remaining as of 60 days after the enactment of this section, and thereafter, after March 1 of a year ending in one shall be filled from the pool of nominees by the State Election Commission or its designee. The appointing body shall strive for political balance and fairness.

(g) At a meeting called by the Secretary of State by August 1, 2021, and thereafter, by April 1 in each year that ends in one, the four Independent Redistricting Commission members shall meet and conduct an organizational meeting, which will constitute the commencement of their official duties, and at which the commission will select by majority vote from the nomination pool a fifth member who is not registered with any party already represented on the Independent Redistricting Commission and who shall serve as chair. If the four commissioners fail to appoint a fifth member within 15 days, the State Election Commission or its designee, striving for political balance and fairness, shall appoint a fifth member from the nomination pool who is not registered with any party already represented on the Independent Redistricting Commission and who shall serve as chair.

(h) The five commissioners shall then select by majority vote one of their members to serve as vice-chair.

(i) After having been served written notice and provided with an opportunity for a response, a member of the Independent Redistricting Commission may be removed by the Governor, with the concurrence of two thirds of the Senate, for substantial neglect of duty, gross misconduct in office, or inability to discharge the duties of office.

(j) If a commissioner or chairperson does not complete the term of office for any reason, the State Election Commission or its designee shall nominate a pool of three candidates within the first 30 days after the vacancy occurs. The nominees shall be of the same political party or status as was the member who vacated the office at the time of his or her appointment, and the appointment other than the chair shall be made by the current holder of the office designated to make the original appointment. The appointment of a new chair shall be made by the remaining commissioners. If the appointment of a replacement commissioner or chair is not made within 14 days following the presentation of the nominees, the State Election Commission or its designee shall make the appointment, striving for political balance and fairness. The newly appointed commissioner shall serve out the remainder of the original term.

70	(k) Three commissioners, including the chair or vice-chair, constitute a quorum. Three or
71	more affirmative votes are required for any official action. Where a quorum is present, the
72	Independent Redistricting Commission shall conduct business in meetings open to the public,
73	with 48 or more hours of public notice provided.
74	(I) A commissioner, during the commissioner's term of office and for three years thereafter,
75	is ineligible for public office or for registration as a paid lobbyist.
76	(m) The Independent Redistricting Commission shall plan and propose congressional and
77	legislative districts. The commencement of the proposed mapping process for both the
78	congressional and legislative districts shall be the creation of districts of equal population in a
79	grid-like pattern across the state. Adjustments to the grid shall then be made as necessary to
80	accommodate the goals as set forth below:
81	(1) Districts shall comply with the United States Constitution and the United States Voting
82	Rights Act:
83	(2) Congressional districts shall have equal population to the extent practicable, and state
84	legislative districts shall have equal population to the extent practicable;
85	(3) Districts shall be geographically compact and contiguous to the extent practicable;
86	(4) To the extent practicable, district lines shall use visible geographic features, city, town
87	and county boundaries, and undivided census tracts; and
88	(5) To the extent practicable, competitive districts should be favored where to do so would
89	create no significant detriment to the other goals.
90	(n) Party registration and voting history data shall be excluded from the initial phase of the
91	mapping process but may be used to test maps for compliance with the above goals. The places
92	of residence of incumbents or candidates may not be identified or considered.
93	(o) The Independent Redistricting Commission shall advertise a proposed draft map of
94	congressional districts and a proposed draft map of legislative districts to the public for comment,
95	which comment shall be taken for at least 30 days. During the public comment period, the

commission shall hold three public hearings in geographically distinct areas of the state to present the plan and hear public comments. Any member of either body of the Legislature may, within the public comment period, make inquiry of the Independent Redistricting Commission concerning its methodology or proposed redistrict mapping, which inquiry shall be fully addressed by the Independent Redistricting Commission. After conclusion of the public comment period:

(1) The Independent Redistricting Commission shall then make and publish its first proposal for district boundaries and recommend the plan to the Legislature, which shall vote, during an extraordinary session called by the Governor, upon it after an explanation of the proposal on the floors of the House of Delegates and Senate. Amendments to the first proposal are not in order in either the House or the Senate. The Senate and House of Delegates shall take a separate vote on the plans for the congressional allocation, the House of Delegates allocation, and the Senate allocation. If any plans pass, they shall be presented to the Governor for his or her signature in the same manner as all pieces of legislation adopted by the Legislature.

(2) If any of the first proposal plans fail to obtain approval of the Senate, the House of Delegates and the Governor, then the Independent Redistricting Commission shall meet and confer in order to propose a second proposal to the Legislature. The second proposal shall follow the same proposed draft plan and public comment requirements contained in this subsection. The Independent Redistricting Commission shall then make and publish its second proposal for district boundaries that were not approved by the Legislature in the first proposal. The Legislature shall vote, during an extraordinary session called by the Governor, upon the second proposal after an explanation of the proposal on the floors of the House of Delegates and Senate. Amendments to the second proposal are not in order in either the House or the Senate. The Senate and House of Delegates shall take a separate vote on any plans not approved in the first proposal. If any plans pass, they shall be presented to the Governor for his or her signature in the same manner as all pieces of legislation adopted by the Legislature.

(3) If any of the second proposal plans fail to obtain approval of the Senate, the House of

Delegates and the Governor, then the Independent Redistricting Commission shall meet and confer in order to propose a third proposal to the Legislature. The third proposal shall follow the same proposed draft plan and public comment requirements contained in this subsection. The Independent Redistricting Commission shall then make and publish its third proposal for district boundaries that were not approved by the Legislature in the first proposal. The Legislature shall vote, during an extraordinary session called by the Governor, upon the third proposal after an explanation of the proposal on the floors of the House of Delegates and Senate. The members of the House of Delegates and Senate may vote to amend the third proposal. The Senate and House of Delegates shall take a separate vote on any plans not approved in the first or second proposal. If any plans pass, they shall be presented to the Governor for his or her signature in the same manner as any other legislation adopted by the Legislature.

(4) If any of the third proposal plans fail to obtain approval of the Senate, the House of Delegates and the Governor, then the first, second and third proposal plans that were not adopted shall be presented to the Supreme Court of Appeals. The Supreme Court of Appeals shall choose, by majority vote, between the three proposals from the Independent Redistricting Commission without any possibility of amending any of the three plans or incorporating any amendments that were proposed in the Senate or House of Delegates on the third proposal. The selection of the Supreme Court of Appeals shall be final, subject to judicial review, and the Legislature may not make any amendment to the final adopted plan until the Independent Redistricting Commission proposes new plans during the next year that ends in one.

(p) The provisions regarding this section are self-executing. The Independent Redistricting

Commission shall certify to the Secretary of State that its proposals for district boundaries of

congressional and legislative districts are in accordance with those constitutional and legal

requirements and considerations as provided in this section.

(q) Each member of the Independent Redistricting Commission shall be reimbursed for all reasonable and necessary expenses incurred in the performance of his or her duties as a member

of the commission and shall receive a per diem allowance equivalent to the per diem received by members of the Legislature for each full work day actually engaged in the performance of his or her duties as required by this section. Members shall keep expense vouchers and time sheets demonstrating dates and times in which they are engaged fulfilling required obligations as well as a description of the specific activity in which they are engaged. Seven hours of related work and activity shall constitute payment for one day. Payment based on less than seven hours shall be prorated in an appropriate proportionate manner. The Legislature shall make the necessary appropriations by a majority vote to fund the activities of the Independent Redistricting Commission.

(r) The Independent Redistricting Commission, with fiscal oversight from the Department of Administration, shall have procurement and contracting authority and may hire staff and consultants in order to accomplish the purposes of this section.

(s) Upon request from the Independent Redistricting Commission, the Joint Committee on Government and Finance shall provide the commission with administrative assistance and facilities, including staffing and technical assistance, office space and other equipment, services, supplies and other resources necessary for the commission to perform its duties until such time as the commission is able obtain adequate resources to perform its duties from moneys appropriated by the Legislature for such purposes.

(t) No elected or appointed office holder, lobbyist, official of a political party, or other person affiliated with an elected or appointed office holder, lobbyist or official of a political party, may influence or attempt to influence the district-mapping proposals of the Independent Redistricting Commission.

(u) Each commissioner's duties established by this section expire upon the completion of redistricting. The Independent Redistricting Commission may not meet or incur expenses after the proposed redistricting plan is completed, except if litigation or government approval of the plan is pending, or to revise districts if required by court decisions or if the number of congressional or

174 <u>legislative districts is changed.</u>

NOTE: The purpose of this bill is to provide for an Independent Redistricting Commission to propose redistricting plans during census years. The commission consists of five members who are initially nominated by the State Election Commission. The actual appointments are made by the leaders of both houses of the Legislature and by the first four commission members selected. The commission's main task is to propose plans to the Legislature based on constitutional and legal requirements and considerations and which is removed from stark political aspirations or concerns. The bill provides that commission members receive remuneration and reimbursement of expenses associated with their work. The bill also requires that the commission publish their proposal to the public at large, fully address any legislator's questions before issuing a final draft proposal and submitting the plan to the full body of the Legislature for its action. The bill allows for multiple plans, if the Legislature or Governor reject a plan. The bill gives the Supreme Court of Appeals the final decision if the Legislature and Governor cannot agree on three potential plans.

Strike-throughs indicate language that would be stricken from a heading or the present law and underscoring indicates new language that would be added.